

IAU100 NameExoWorlds



IAU100
NameExoWorlds

APPROVED NAMES

Find below the approved names for the IAU100 NameExoWorlds contest in each country as announced on 17 December 2019.

Both star and planet received each a popular name making a pair of names connected by a common theme, allowing other planets if discovered in future to be named after the same theme.

More information can be found at the **IAU100 NameExoWorlds website**.



www.iau-100.org
www.nameexoworlds.iau.org

Country	Star Identification	Name Star	Citation Name Star	Name Exoplanet	Citation Name Exoplanet	Theme
Albania	HD 82886	Illyrian	Historians largely believe that the Albanians are descendants of the Illyrians, a term Albanians proudly call themselves.	Arber	Arber is the term for the inhabitants of Albania during the middle ages.	Names of ancient places and peoples associated with the history of Albania.
Algeria	HD 28678	Hoggar	Hoggar is the name of the main mountain range in the Sahara Desert in southern Algeria.	Tassili	Tassili is a UNESCO World Heritage Site situated in the Sahara Desert and is renowned for its prehistoric cave art and scenic geological formations.	Names associated with marvels of the Sahara Desert in Algeria
Andorra	HD 131496	Arcalís	Arcalis is a famous peak in the north of Andorra, where the Sun passes through a hole in the mountain twice a year at fixed dates. It was used as a primitive solar calendar and reference point for shepherds and early inhabitants of Andorra.	Madriu	Madriu (Mare del riu in Catalan, Mother of the River in English) is the name of a glacial valley and of the river that runs through it in the southeast of Andorra. It is the main part of the Madriu-Perafita-Claror UNESCO World Heritage Site.	Names associated with prominent peaks and valleys of Andorra.
Argentina	HD 48265	Nosaxa	Nosaxa means spring in the Moqoit language. The word comes from a combination of nosahuec, which means renew, and ñaaxa, which means year.	Naqaŷa	Naqaŷa means brother-family-relative in the Moqoit language and leads us to call all humans, indigenous or non-indigenous, brother.	Terms associated with the relationship between sky, life cycles, and the human community as family, as provided by a teacher and leader of the Moqoit Indigenous People of northern Argentina.
Aruba	WASP-39	Malmok	Malmok is an indigenous name given to a beach in Aruba with a narrow sandy stretch that interrupts the limestone and rocky terrace along the coast. Its shallow clear Caribbean waters make it a popular snorkelling spot.	Bocaprans	Boca Prins is a secluded beach with white dunes and iconic scenery situated in Arikok National Park along the northeast coast of Aruba. It is named after Plantation Prins where coconuts were cultivated.	Names associated with notable beaches of Aruba.
Australia	HD 38283	Bubup	Bubup is the Boonwurrung word for child.	Yanyan	YanYan is the Boonwurrung word for boy.	Names for family members in the Boonwurrung language used by children in the Kulin Nation in Victoria, Australia.
Austria	HAT-P-14	Franz	Franz is a character in the movie “Sissi” embodying an emperor of Austria in the XIXth century. The role is played by the actor Karlheinz Böhm.	Sissi	Sissi is a character in the movie “Sissi”, who is married with Franz. The role is played by the actress Romy Schneider.	Names associated with characters in the 1955 Austrian film “Sissi” directed by Ernst Marischka and describing a love story between a princess and an emperor in the XIXth century.

Azerbaijan	HD 152581	Mahsati	Mahsati Ganjavi (1089–1159) is one of the brightest shining stars of Azerbaijani poetry. She was said to have associated with both Omar Khayyam and Nizami and was well educated and talented and played numerous musical instruments.	Ganja	Ganja is an ancient city of Azerbaijan, and is the birth place of many prominent people such as the poets Mahsati and Nizami. It is the ancient capital of Azerbaijan, the first capital of the Azerbaijan Democratic Republic and the city with the spirit of wisdom and freedom.	Names associated with the works and life of 12th century eminent Azerbaijani poetess Mahsati Ganjavi (1089–1159) of Ganja.
Bangladesh	HD 148427	Timir	Timir means darkness in Bengali language, alluding to the star being far away in the darkness of space.	Tondra	Tondra means nap in Bengali language, alluding to the symbolic notion that the planet was asleep until discovered.	Terms associated with the dark night sky, space, and sleep in the Bengali language.
Belgium	HD 49674	Nervia	Nervia, adapted from Nervii, was a prominent Belgian Celtic tribe.	Eburonia	Eburonia, adapted from Eburones, was a prominent Belgian Celtic tribe.	Names of places and peoples associated with the ancient Belgae tribes in the vicinity of modern-day Belgium.
Bhutan	HD 73534	Gakyid	Gakyid means happiness. Gross National Happiness is the development philosophy conceived and followed in Bhutan and is one of Bhutan's contributions to the world.	Drukylul	Drukylul (land of the thunder dragon) is the native name for Bhutan, the country that came up with the philosophy of Gross National Happiness.	Terms in Dzongkha language associated with happiness and symbols of the national identity of Bhutan, birthplace of the Gross National Happiness development philosophy.
Bolivia	HD 63765	Tapecue	Tapecue means eternal path in Guarani and represents the Milky Way through which the first inhabitants of the Earth arrived and could return.	Yvaga	Yvaga means paradise for the Guarani and the Milky Way was known as the road to Yvaga or paradise.	Terms associated with Guarani cosmovision.
Bosnia and Herzegovina	HD 206610	Bosona	Bosona is the name given to the territory of Bosnia in the 10th century. Later, the name was transformed to Bosnia originating from the name of the Bosna river.	Naron	Naron is one of the names given to the Neretva river in Herzegovina (and partly in Croatia) in antiquity originating with the Celts who called it Nera Etna which means the Flowing Divinity.	Ancient names associated with the Bosna and Neretva rivers and tributaries of Bosnia and Herzegovina.
Brazil	HD 23079	Tupi	Tupi is the name of the most populous Indigenous People living on the eastern coast of South America, before the Portuguese arrived in the 16th century.	Guarani	Guarani is the name of the most populous Indigenous people living in South Brazil and parts of Argentina, Paraguay and Uruguay.	Names of Indigenous Peoples of Brazil.
Brunei	HD 179949	Gumala	Gumala is a Malay word, which means a magic bezoar stone found in snakes, dragons, etc.	Mastika	Mastika is a Malay word, which means a gem, precious stone, jewel or the prettiest, the most beautiful.	Terms associated with precious gems and stones in Malay language.
Bulgaria	WASP-21	Tangra	Tangra is the supreme celestial god that early Bulgars worshiped.	Bendida	Bendida is the Great Mother Goddess of the Thracians. She was especially revered as a goddess of marriage and living nature.	Names of deities from Thracian and early Bulgar mythology.

Burkina Faso	HD 30856	Mouhoun	Mouhoun, also called Volta Noire, is the largest river in Burkina Faso and plays an important role in the lives of the people in the areas it passes through.	Nakanbé	The Nakanbé, also called Volta Blanche, is the second largest river in Burkina Faso. Its source is in the heart of the Sahara Burkinabe and ends in Ghana.	Names associated with the prominent rivers of Burkina Faso in local languages.
Canada	HD 136418	Nikawiy	Nikawiy is the word for mother in the Indigenous Cree language of Canada.	Awasis	Awasis is the word for child in the Indigenous Cree language of Canada.	Names of family members in the indigenous Cree language of Canada.
Chile	HD 164604	Pincoya	Pincoya is a female water spirit from southern Chilean mythology who is said to bring drowned sailors to the Caleuche so that they can live in the afterlife.	Caleuche	Caleuche is a large ghost ship from southern Chilean mythology which sails the seas around the island of Chiloé at night.	Names from mythology of southern Chile associated with the seas.
China Nanjing	HD 173416	Xihe	Xihe (羲和) is the goddess of the sun in the Chinese mythology and also represents the earliest astronomers and developers of calendars in ancient China.	Wangshu	Wangshu (望舒) is the goddess who drives for the Moon and also represents the Moon in Chinese mythology.	Names of celestial deities from ancient Chinese mythology.
China Taipei	HD 100655	Formosa	Formosa is the historical name of Taiwan used in the 17th century, meaning beautiful in Latin.	Sazum	Sazum is the traditional name of Yuchi, a Township in Nantou county, in which the famous Sun-Moon Lake lies. Sazum means water in the language of the Thao people who are a tribe of Taiwanese aborigines who lived in the region for hundreds of years.	Historical and indigenous names for the island of Taiwan and prominent geographic features.
Colombia	HD 93083	Macondo	Macondo is the mythical village of the novel One Hundred Years of Solitude (Cien años de soledad) the classic novel by Gabriel García Márquez. Macondo is a fictional place where magic and reality are mixed.	Melquíades	Melquíades is a fictional character that walks around Macondo, like a planet orbiting a star, connecting it with the external world by introducing new knowledge using his inventions as well as his stories.	Fictional names and places from the novel Cien años de Soledad (One Hundred Years of Solitude) by Colombian author Gabriel García Márquez, who was awarded the 1982 Nobel Prize in Literature.
Cook Islands	HD 221287	Poerava	Poerava is the word in the Cook Islands Maori language for a large mystical black pearl of utter beauty and perfection.	Pipitea	Pipitea is a small, white and gold pearl found in Penrhyn lagoon in the northern group of the Cook Islands.	Terms associated with pearls in the Cook Islands Māori language.
Costa Rica	WASP-17	Dìwǒ	Dìwǒ in Bribri language means the sun (bigger than the sun we know) and that never turns off.	Ditsǒ	Ditsǒ is the name that the god Sibô gave to the first Bribri people.	Terms associated with celestial bodies and the origins of the people in Indigenous Bribri language of Costa Rica.
Croatia	HD 75898	Stribor	Stribor is God of winds in Slavic mythology, as well as a literature character in the book Priče iz davnine (Croatian Tales of Long Ago) by the Croatian author Ivana Brlić-Mažuranić.	Veles	Veles is a major Slavic god of earth, waters and the underworld.	Slavic deities of the Earth and underworld.

Cuba	BD-17 63	Felixvarela	Felix Varela (1788-1853) was the first to teach science in Cuba at the San Carlos and San Ambrosio Seminary. He opened the way to education for all, and began the experimental teaching of physics in Cuba.	Finlay	Carlos Juan Finlay (1833-1915) was an epidemiologist recognized as a pioneer in the research of yellow fever, determining that it was transmitted through mosquitoes.	Names associated with influential 19th century Cuban thinkers.
Cyprus	HD 168746	Alasia	Alasia is the first historically recorded name of Cyprus, dating back to mid-fifteenth century BC.	Onasilos	Onasilos is the oldest historically recorded doctor in Cyprus, inscribed on the fifth century BC Idalion Tablet. Also known as the Onasilou Plate, it is considered as the oldest legal contract found in the world.	Names associated with doctors from the ancient history of Cyprus (Alasia/Alashiya).
Czech Republic	XO-5	Absolutno	Absolutno is a fictional miraculous substance in the sci-fi novel Továrna na absolutno (The Factory for the Absolute) by influential Czech writer Karel Čapek.	Makropulos	Makropulos is the name from Karel Čapek's play Věc Makropulos (The Makropulos Affair), dealing with problems of immortality and consequences of an artificial prolongation of life.	Names from the play Věc Makropulos (The Makropulos Affair) and the science fiction novel Továrna na absolutno (The Absolute at Large) by Czech author Karel Čapek (1890-1938).
Denmark	HAT-P-29	Muspelheim	Muspelheim is the Norse mythological realm of fire. The first gods used the sparks of Muspelheim to form the sun, moon, planets, and stars.	Surt	Surt is the ruler of Muspelheim and the fire giants there in Norse mythology. At Ragnarok, the end of the world, he will lead the attack on our world and destroy it in flames.	Names of characters and places associated with the mythological fire realm of Muspelheim from Norse mythology.
Dominican Republic	WASP-6	Márohu	Márohu the god of drought is the protector of the Sun and is engraved at a higher position on the stalagmite than Boinayel in the El Puente cave, where the Sun makes its way down every 21 December.	Boinayel	Boinayel the god of rain that fertilizes the soil is engraved on the stalagmite at a lower position than Márohu in the El Puente cave.	Names of deities from the mythology of the Taíno indigenous people of the Caribbean.
Ecuador	HD 6434	Nenque	Nenque means the Sun in the language spoken by the Indigenous Waorani tribes of the Amazon regions of Ecuador	Eyeke	Eyeke means near in the language spoken by the Indigenous Waorani tribes of the Amazon regions of Ecuador. This word is suggested for the exoplanet owing to the proximity of the planet to the host star.	Terms symbolic of the Sun, stars, and planets, and their conditions in the language spoken by the Indigenous Waorani tribes of the Amazon regions of Ecuador
El Salvador	HD 52265	Citalá	Citalá means River of stars in the native Nahuatl language.	Cayahuanca	Cayahuanca means The rock looking at the stars in the native Nahuatl language.	Celestial terms and geographic features in El Salvador from the indigenous Nahuatl language.
Estonia	XO-4	Koit	Koit is Estonian for the time when the Sun rises in the morning (dawn).	Hämarik	Hämarik is Estonian for the time when the Sun goes down in the evening (dusk).	Celestial terms in the Estonian language.

Ethiopia	HD 16175	Buna	Buna is the commonly used word for coffee in Ethiopia.	Abol	Abol is the first of three rounds of coffee in the Ethiopian traditional coffee ceremony.	Words associated with coffee and the Ethiopian traditional coffee ceremony.
Finland	HAT-P-38	Horna	Horna is hell or the underworld from Finnic mythology.	Hiisi	Hiisi represents sacred localities and later evil spirits from Finnic mythology.	Terms associated with mystical, sacred, or evil places in ancient Finnish/ Finnic mythology.
France	HD 8574	Bélénos	Bélénos was the god of light, of the Sun, and of health in Gaulish mythology.	Bélisama	Bélisama was the goddess of fire, notably of the hearth and of metallurgy and glasswork, in Gaulish mythology.	Names of Gaulish deities associated with the Sun, light, and fire (French spellings).
Gabon	HD 208487	Itonda	Itonda, in the Myene tongue, corresponds to all that is beautiful.	Mintome	Mintome, in the Fang tongue, is a mythical land where a brotherhood of brave men live.	Terms and places associated with beauty and unity vernacular languages of Gabon.
Germany	HD 32518	Mago	Mago is a National Park in Ethiopia noted for its giraffes. The star also happens to be in the constellation of Camelopardalis (the giraffe).	Neri	The Neri river in Ethiopia runs through parts of the Mago National park.	Names associated with geographic features of Mago National Park in Ethiopia, noted range of the Nubian giraffe (<i>Giraffa camelopardalis camelopardalis</i>).
Ghana	HD 181720	Sika	Sika means gold in the Ewe language and gold is one of Ghana's principal exports.	Toge	Toge means earring in the Ewe language.	Terms associated with artefacts and jewelry containing gold in the Ewe language spoken in Ghana (formerly known as "Gold Coast" prior to independence).
Greece	HAT-P-42	Lerna	Lerna was the name of a lake in the eastern Peloponnese, where the Lernaean Hydra, an immortal mythical nine-headed beast lived. The star lies in the constellation of Hydra.	Iolaus	Iolaus was the nephew of Heracles from Greek mythology, moving around lake Lerna in helping Heracles to exterminate the Lernaean Hydra. Similarly this exoplanet in the constellation of Hydra moves around its parent star.	Names of characters and places associated with the story of the Lernaean Hydra of Greek mythology.
Guatemala	WASP-22	Tojil	Tojil is the name of one of the Mayan deities related to rain, storms, and fire.	Koyopa'	Koyopa' is the word associated with lightning in K'iche' (Quiché) Mayan language.	Names of deities and terms associated with storms from the Indigenous K'iche' (Quiché) Mayan tradition.
Haiti	HD 1502	Citadelle	The Citadelle is a large mountaintop fortress in Nord, Haiti built after Haiti's independence, and was designated a UNESCO World Heritage site along with the nearby Sans-Souci Palace.	Indépendance	Indépendance is named after the Haitian Declaration of Independence on 1 January 1804, when Haiti became the first independent black republic.	Terms associated with the Citadelle Laferrière UNESCO World Heritage Site and early history of the Republic of Haiti.

Hong Kong, China	HD 212771	Lionrock	Lion Rock is a lion-shaped peak overlooking Hong Kong and is a cultural symbol with deep respect from the local community.	Victoriappeak	Victoria Peak overlooks the bustling Victoria Harbour and is regarded as an ambassadorial gateway for foreign visitors wishing to experience Hong Kong first hand.	Names of iconic peaks of Hong Kong.
Honduras	HD 98219	Hunahpú	Hunahpú was one of the twin gods who became the Sun in K'iche' (Quiché) Mayan mythology as recounted in the Popol Vuh.	Ixbalanqué	Ixbalanqué was one of the twin gods who became the Moon in K'iche' (Quiché) Mayan mythology as recounted in he Popol Vuh.	Names of characters and places associated with the legend of the hero twins Hunahpú and Ixbalanque from K'iche' (Quiché) Mayan mythology as recounted in the Popol Vuh.
Hungary	HAT-P-2	Hunor	Hunor was a legendary ancestor of the Huns and the Hungarian nation, and brother of Magor.	Magor	Magor was a legendary ancestor of the Magyar people and the Hungarian nation, and brother of Hunor.	Legendary characters and places from medieval Hungarian chronicles, including Gesta Hunnorum et Hungarorum written by Simon of Kéza in the 1280s.
Iceland	HD 109246	Funi	Funi is an old Icelandic word meaning fire or blaze.	Fold	Fold is an old Icelandic word meaning earth or soil.	Terms for natural elements and forces in Icelandic language, symbolic of the star and its planets.
India	HD 86081	Bibhā	Bibhā [/bɪbha/] is the Bengali pronunciation of the Sanskrit word Vibha, which means a bright beam of light.	Santamasa	Santamasa [/səntəməs/] in Sanskrit means clouded, which alludes to the exoplanet's atmosphere.	Terms from Sanskrit language symbolic of the physical conditions of the star and ts planets.
Indonesia	HD 117618	Dofida	Dofida means our star in Nias language.	Noifasui	Noifasui means revolve around in Nias language, derived from the word ifasui, meaning to revolve around, and no, indicating that the action occurred in the past and continued to the present time.	Terms and phrases related to stars and planets and their physical conditions in the Nias language spoken on Nias Island and Batu islands in the north-western part of Indonesia.
Iran	HD 175541	Kaveh	Kaveh is one of the heroes of Shahnameh, the epic poem composed by Persian poet Ferdowsi between 977 and 1010 CE. Kaveh is a blacksmith who symbolises justice.	Kavian	Kaveh carries a banner called Derafsh Kaviani (Derafsh: banner, Kaviani: relating to Kaveh).	Names of characters, symbols, and places associated with the legend of Kaveh the Blacksmith from the epic Shahnameh composed by Persian poet Ferdowsi between 977 and 1010 CE.
Iraq	HD 231701	Uruk	Uruk was an ancient city of the Sumer and Babylonian civilizations in Mesopotamia situated along an ancient channel of the Euphrates river in modern-day Iraq.	Babylonia	Babylonia was a key kingdom in ancient Mesopotamia from the 18th to 6th centuries BC whose name-giving capital city was built on the Euphrates river.	Names of ancient cities and kingdoms associated with Bronze Age Mesopotomia in Iraq.

Ireland	HAT-P-36	Tuiren	Tuiren was the aunt of the hunterwarrior Fionn mac Cumhaill of Irish legend, who was turned into a hound by the jealous fairy Uchtdealbh.	Bran	Tuiren's son Bran was a hound and cousin of the hunterwarrior Fionn mac Cumhaill of Irish legend.	Mythological dogs and associated characters from the story The Birth of Bran, an Irish legend associated with the tales of Fionn mac Cumhaill, as retold in Irish Fairy Tales by author James Stephens (1920).
Israel	HAT-P-9	Tevel	Tevel means Universe or everything and begins with the letter Taf, the last letter in the Hebrew alphabet.	Alef	Alef is the first letter in the Hebrew alphabet and also means bull.	Terms symbolically associated with the Universe, and its beginning, in the Hebrew language.
Italy	HD 102195	Flegetonte	Flegetonte is the underworld river of fire from Greek Mythology in the Italian narrative poem on the afterlife "Divina Commedia" (Divine Comedy) by Dante Alighieri, chosen as an allusion to the star's fiery nature.	Lete	Lete is the oblivion river made of fog from Greek Mythology in the Italian narrative poem on the afterlife "Divina Commedia" (Divine Comedy) by Dante Alighieri, chosen as an allusion to the planet's gaseous nature.	Rivers of the underworld from Greek Mythology in the very famous Italian allegorical (or epic) poem Divina Commedia (Divine Comedy) by Dante Alighieri (first edition 1321).
Ivory Coast	WASP-15	Nyamien	Nyamien refers to the supreme creator deity of Akan mythology.	Asye	Asye refers to the Earth goddess of Akan mythology.	Principal deities of Akan mythology of Côte d'Ivoire (Ivory Coast).
Japan	HD 145457	Kamuy	Kamuy is a word in the Ainu language denoting a supernatural entity possessing spiritual energy.	Chura	Chura is a word in the Ryukyuan/Okinawan language meaning natural beauty.	Terms associated with the supernatural or natural beauty from the indigenous Ainu and Ryukyuan/Okinawan languages of Japan.
Jordan	WASP-80	Petra	Petra is a historical and archaeological city in southern Jordan and a UNESCO World Heritage site.	Wadirum	Wadi Rum (Valley of the Moon) is located at the far south of Jordan, it is the largest valley in Jordan, set on the high plateau at the western edge of the Arabian Desert.	Names associated with the ancient city of Petra and the Wadi Rum Protected Area UNESCO World Heritage Sites in southern Jordan.
Kenya	HD 83443	Kalausi	The word Kalausi means a very strong whirling column of wind in the Dholuo language of Kenya.	Buru	Buru means dust in the Dholuo language of Kenya and is typically associated with wind storms.	Terms associated with meteorological phenomena, symbolic of stars and planets, in the languages of Kenya.
Latvia	HD 118203	Liesma	Liesma means flame, and it is the name of a character from the Latvian poem Staburags un Liesma.	Staburags	Staburags is the name of a character from the Latvian poem Staburags un Liesma, and denotes a rock with symbolic meaning in literature and history.	Names of characters and places associated with the poem Staburags un Liesma by Latvian poet Frīdrihs Mālbegis (1824–1907).
Lebanon	HD 192263	Phoenicia	Phoenicia was an ancient thalassocratic civilisation of the Mediterranean that originated from the area of modern-day Lebanon.	Beirut	Beirut is one of the oldest continuously inhabited cities in the world and was a Phoenician port. Beirut is now the capital and largest city of Lebanon.	Names of ancient cities and places associated with the Phoenician civilisation in Lebanon.

Liechtenstein	TrES-3	Pipoltr	In the local dialect of Triesenberg, Pipoltr is a bright and visible butterfly, alluding to the properties of a star.	Umbäässa	In the local dialect of southern Liechtenstein, Umbäässa is a small and barely visible ant, alluding to the properties of a planet with respect to its star.	Names for insects in dialects of Liechtenstein.
Lithuania	HAT-P-40	Taika	Taika means peace in the Lithuanian language.	Vytis	Vytis is the symbol of the Lithuanian coat of arms.	Terms associated with peace in Lithuanian language and national symbols of Lithuania.
Luxembourg	HD 45350	Lucilinburhuc	The Lucilinburhuc fortress was built in 963 by the founder of Luxembourg, Count Siegfried.	Peitruss	Peitruss is derived from the name of the Luxembourg river Pétrusse, with the river's bend around Lucilinburhuc fortress alluding to the orbit of the planet around its star.	Names of historical sites and prominent geographic features in Luxembourg City, Luxembourg.
Madagascar	HD 153950	Rapeto	Rapeto is a giant creature from Malagasy tales.	Trimobe	Trimobe is a rich ogre from Malagasy tales.	Creatures from Malagasy mythology.
Malaysia	HD 20868	Intan	Intan means diamond in the Malay language (Bahasa Melayu), alluding to the shining of a star.	Baiduri	Baiduri means opal in Malay language (Bahasa Melayu), alluding to the mysterious beauty of the planet.	Names of gemstones associated with jewelry in Malay language (Bahasa Melayu).
Malta	HAT-P-34	Sansuna	Sansuna is the name of the mythological giant from traditional Maltese folk tales that carried the stones of the Gozo megalithic temples on her head.	Ġgantija	Ġgantija means giantess: the megalithic temple complex on the island of Gozo, which alludes to the grandeur of this gas giant exoplanet.	Names associated with the megalithic temples of Ġgantija on the island of Gozo, Malta, a UNESCO World Heritage Site.
Mauritius	WASP-72	Diya	Diya is an oil lamp that is brought by Indian ancestors to Mauritius in the 1820's, and is used for lighting during special occasions, including the light festival of Diwali.	Cuptor	Cuptor is a thermally insulated chamber used for baking or drying substances, that has long disappeared in Mauritius and has been replaced by more sophisticated ovens.	Terms associated with light and heat used in Mauritius.
Mexico	HD 224693	Axólotl	Axólotl means water animal in the native Nahuatl language, which is a unique and culturally significant endemic amphibious species from the basin of Mexico.	Xólotl	Xólotl means animal in the native Nahuatl language and was an Aztec deity associated with the evening star (Venus).	Nahuatl language names of animals of Mexico associated with Aztec mythology.
Mongolia	HAT-P-21	Mazalaai	Mazaalai is the Mongolian name for the endangered Gobi bear subspecies (Ursus arctos gobiensis) of the Gobi Desert region of Mongolia, and the name of the first Mongolian satellite.	Bambaruush	Bambaruush is the Mongolian term for 'bear cub', the offspring of the endangered Mazaalai (Gobi bear) of the Gobi Desert.	Mongolian names associated with the endangered Gobi bear (Mazalaai in Mongolian) and its habitats in the Gobi desert region of Mongolia.
Morocco	WASP-161	Tislit	Tislit is the name of a lake in the Atlas mountains of Morocco. It means the bride in the Amazigh language and it is associated with a heartbroken beautiful girl in an ancient local legend.	Isli	Isli is the name of a lake in the Atlas mountains of Morocco. It means the groom in the Amazigh language and it is associated with a heartbroken handsome boy in an ancient local legend.	Names from Amazigh legends associated with Lakes Tisli and Isli of the Atlas Mountains of Morocco.

Mozambique	HD 7199	Emiw	Emiw represents love in the local Makhuwa language of the northern region of Mozambique.	Hairu	Hairu represents unity in the local Makhuwa language of the northern region of Mozambique.	Terms associated with love and unity in the Makhuwa language of northern Mozambique.
Myanmar	HD 18742	Ayeyarwady	Ayeyarwady is the largest and most important river in Myanmar.	Bagan	Bagan is one of Myanmar's ancient cities that lies beside the Ayeyarwady river.	Names associated with the ancient city of Bagan, a UNESCO World Heritage Site in the Mandalay region of Myanmar.
Nepal	HD 100777	Sagarmatha	Sagarmatha is the Nepali name for the highest peak in the world (also known as Mount Everest) and symbol of national pride of Nepal.	Laligurans	Laligurans are the Nepali variation of the rhododendron flower and is the national flower of Nepal.	Natural national symbols of Nepal.
Netherlands	HAT-P-6	Sterrennacht	The Sterrennacht (Starry Night) is a world-famous painting by Dutch grand master Van Gogh that was painted in France in 1889 and now belongs to the permanent collection of New York's Museum of Modern Art.	Nachtwacht	The Nachtwacht (Night Watch) is a world-famous painting by Dutch grand master Rembrandt that was completed in 1642 and now belongs to the collection of the Rijksmuseum in Amsterdam.	Names associated with world-famous paintings by Dutch masters.
New Zealand	HD 137388	Karaka	Karaka is the word in the Māori language for a plant endemic to New Zealand that produces a bright orange, fleshy fruit.	Kererū	Kererū is the word in the Māori language for a large bush pigeon native to New Zealand.	Māori language terms for names of plants and animals in symbiotic relationships which are endemic to New Zealand (Aotearoa).
Nicaragua	HD 4208	Cocibolca	Cocibolca is the Nahuatl name for the largest lake in Central America in Nicaragua.	Xolotlan	Xolotlan is the name of the second largest lake of Nicaragua and its name is from the Nahuatl language of the indigenous tribe that settled in Nicaragua, which symbolises a native god and a refuge for animals.	Indigenous names of prominent bodies of water in Nicaragua, in the Nahuatl language.
Nigeria	HD 43197	Amadioha	Amadioha is the god of thunder in Igbo mythology. As well as representing justice, Amadioha is also a god of love, peace and unity.	Equiano	Equiano was a writer and abolitionist from Ihiya, Nigeria who fought injustice and the elimination of the slave trade.	Historical or mythological figures of Nigeria who stand for justice and human dignity.
Norway	HD 68988	Násti	Násti means star in the Northern Sami language of Norway.	Albmi	Albmi means sky in the Northern Sami language of Norway.	Terms associated with the sky and celestial bodies in the Northern Sami language of Norway.
Pakistan	HD 99109	Shama	Shama is an Urdu literary term meaning a small lamp or flame, symbolic of the light of the star.	Perwana	Perwana means moth in Urdu, alluding to the eternal love of an object circling the source of light (the lamp).	Symbolic terms associated with affinity and dedication in Urdu literature of Pakistan.

Toponymic and Cultural Heritage of Various Regions						
Region	Code	Term	Meaning/Description	Term	Meaning/Description	Notes
Palestine	HAT-P-23	Moriah	Moriah is an ancient name for the mountain within the Old City of Jerusalem.	Jebus	Jebus was the ancient name of Jerusalem in 2nd millennium BC when populated by the Canaanite tribe of Jebusites.	Ancient (pre-Roman) names of the city of Jerusalem (The City of Peace) or local geographic features.
Panama	WASP-79	Montuno	Montuno is the traditional costume the man wears in the “El Punto”, a Panamanian dance in which a man and woman dance to the sound of drums.	Pollera	Pollera is the traditional costume the woman wears in the El Punto, a Panamanian dance in which a man and woman dance to the sound of drums.	Names associated with traditional costumes for Panamanian folk dances.
Paraguay	HD 108147	Tupã	Tupã is one of four principle gods of the Guarani Cosmogony in popular Paraguayan folklore that helped the supreme god Ñamandu to create the Universe.	Tumearandu	Tume Arandu is a son of Rupavê and Sypavê, the original man and woman of the Universe, who is known as the Father of Wisdom in popular Paraguayan folklore.	Deities and characters from the creation mythology of the Guarani indigenous population of South America.
Peru	HD 156411	Inquill	Inquill was one half of the couple involved in the tragic love story Way to the Sun by famous Peruvian writer Abraham Valdelomar.	Sumajmajta	Sumaj Majta was one half of the couple involved in a tragic love story Way to the Sun by famous Peruvian writer Abraham Valdelomar.	Names of characters from the story Way to the Sun and other works by Peruvian writer Abraham Valdelomar (1888–1919).
Philippines	WASP-34	Amansinaya	Aman Sinaya is one of the two trinity deities of the Philippine's Tagalog mythology, and is the primordial deity of the ocean and protector of fisherman.	Haik	Haik is the successor of the primordial Aman Sinaya as the God of the Sea of the Philippine's Tagalog mythology.	Names of deities associated with the sea from the Tagalog mythology of the Philippines.
Pitcairn Islands	HD 102117	Uklun	Uklun means us or we in the Pitkern language of the people of Pitcairn Islands.	Leklsullun	Lekl Sullun means child or children in the Pitkern language of the people of Pitcairn Islands.	Terms referring to people, groups, and family in the Pitkern language of Pitcairn Island.
Poland	BD+14 4559	Solaris	Solaris is the title of a 1961 science fiction novel about an ocean-covered exoplanet by Polish writer Stanislaw Lem.	Pirx	Pirx is a fictional character from books by Polish science-fiction writer Stanisław Lem.	Names of characters and places associated with books by Polish science fiction author Stanisław Lem (1921–2006).
Portugal	HD 45652	Lusitânia	Lusitânia is the ancient name of the western region of the Iberic Peninsula where the Lusitanian people lived and where most of modern-day Portugal is situated.	Viriato	Viriato was a legendary leader of the Lusitanian people, a herdsman and hunter who led the resistance against Roman invaders during 2nd century B.C.	Names of places and people associated with the ancient history of Portugal and the western part of the Iberian Peninsula.
Puerto Rico	HIP 12961	Koeia	Koeia was the word for star in the language of the Taíno Indigenous People of the Caribbean.	Aumatex	Aumatex was the God of Wind in the mythology of the Taíno Indigenous People of the Caribbean.	Names of terms and deities associated with the heavens and atmosphere from the mythology of the Indigenous Taíno people of the Caribbean.

Romania	XO-1	Moldoveanu	Moldoveanu is the highest peak in Romania of the Făgăraș mountain range with an altitude of 2544 metres.	Negoiu	Negoiu is the second highest peak in Romania of the Făgăraș mountain range with an altitude of 2535 metres.	Names of prominent peaks of the Făgăraș Mountain Range, representing the highest mountains in Romania.
Russia	HAT-P-3	Dombay	Dombay is a resort region in the North Caucasus mountains that is enclosed by mountain forests and rich wildlife, including bears (as this star lies in the constellation Ursa Major, the great bear).	Teberda	Teberda is a mountain river in Dombay region with a rapid water flow, symbolising the planet's rapid motion around its host star.	Names of geographic features associated with the Teberda Nature Reserve in the Caucasus Mountains of Russia, a popular tourist destination with mountain forests rich in wildlife including bears.
Senegal	HD 181342	Belel	Belel is a rare source of water in the north of Senegal.	Dopere	Dopere is an expansive historical area in the north of Senegal where Belel was located.	Historic water wells and villages in the vicinity of Ourosogui, Senegal.
Serbia	WASP-60	Morava	Morava is the longest river system in Serbia.	Vlasina	Vlasina is one of the most significant tributaries of the South Morava river.	Names associated with rivers that flow through Serbia.
Singapore	WASP-32	Parumleo	Parumleo is a Latin term for little lion, symbolising Singapore's struggle for independence.	Viculus	Viculus is a Latin term for little village, embodying the spirit of the Singaporean people.	Latin terms associated with community and lions, embodying the national spirit of the people of Singapore.
Slovakia	HAT-P-5	Chasoň	Chasoň is an ancient Slovak term for Sun.	Kráľomoc	Kráľomoc is an ancient Slovak term for the planet Jupiter.	Ancient names for celestial bodies in Slovak language.
Slovenia	WASP-38	Irena	Irena is a leading character in the novel Under the Free Sun: a Story of the Ancient Grandfathers by Slovene writer Fran Saleški Finžgar. Irena is a woman of the court.	Iztok	Iztok is a leading character in the novel Under the Free Sun: a Story of the Ancient Grandfathers by Slovene writer Fran Saleški Finžgar. Iztok is a freedom fighter for the Slavic people.	Names of people and places associated with the novel Pod svobodnim soncem: povest davnih dedov (Under the Free Sun: A Story of the Ancient Grandfathers) written by Slovene writer Fran Saleški Finžgar (1871-1962).
South Africa	WASP-62	Naledi	Naledi means star in the Sesotho, SeTswana and SePedi languages and is typically given as a name to girls in the hope that they will bring light, joy and peace to their communities.	Krotoa	Krotoa is considered the Mother of Africa and member of the indigenous Khoi people, who was a community builder and educator during colonial times.	Names honouring heroines who have overcome adversity in the history of South Africa. Naledi means star in several South African languages, including Sesotho, Setswana, and Sepedi.
South Korea	8 Umi	Baekdu	Baekdu is the highest mountain on the Korean peninsula, situated in North Korea, and symbolises the national spirit of Korea.	Halla	Halla is the highest mountain in South Korea and is regarded as a sacred place in the region.	Sacred peaks of Korea and symbols of peace and spirituality among the Korean people.
Spain	HD 149143	Rosaliadecastro	Rosalía de Castro was a significant figure of Galician culture and prominent Spanish writer, whose pioneering work often referenced the night and celestial objects.	Riosar	Rio Sar is the name of a river that was present in much of the literary work of the pioneering Spanish author Rosalía de Castro.	Names and places associated with the writing and life of Galician and Spanish writer Rosalía de Castro (1837-1885).

Sri Lanka	HD 205739	Sāmaya	Sāmaya means peace in the Sinhalese language.	Samagiya	Samagiya means togetherness and unity in the Sinhalese language.	Terms associated with peace and unity in the Sinhalese language of Sri Lanka.
Sweden	HD 102956	Aniara	Aniara is the name of a spaceship in the epic poem Aniara by Swedish author Harry Martinson.	Isagel	Isagel is the name of the spaceship pilot in the epic science fiction poem Aniara written by Swedish author Harry Martinson.	Names associated with the epic science fiction poem Aniara (1956) written by Swedish author Harry Martinson, joint winner of the Nobel Prize in Literature in 1974.
Switzerland	HD 130322	Mönch	Mönch is one of the prominent peaks of the Bernese Alps in Switzerland.	Eiger	Eiger is one of the prominent peaks of the Bernese Alps, in the Jungfrau-Aletsch protected area.	Prominent peaks in the Jungfrau-Aletsch Region of the Swiss Alps, the first Alpine UNESCO World Natural Heritage Site. Jungfrau shares its etymology with Virgo (maiden) in the German language.
Syria	HD 218566	Ebla	Ebla was one of the earliest kingdoms in Syria, and served as a prominent region in the 2nd and 3rd millenia B.C.	Ugarit	Ugarit was a city where its scribes devised the Ugaritic alphabet around 1400 B.C. The alphabet was made up of thirty letters and was inscribed on clay tablets.	Names associated with ancient cities and kingdoms of the bronze age in Syria.
Tanzania	WASP-71	Mpingo	Mpingo is a famous tree that grows in southern Tanzania and produces ebony wood used for musical instruments and curios.	Tanzanite	Tanzanite is the name of a precious stone mined in Tanzania and is treasured worldwide.	Names of famous natural materials symbolic of Tanzania.
Thailand	WASP-50	Chaophraya	Chao Phraya is the great river of Thailand.	Maeping	Mae Ping is one of the tributaries of Thailand's great river Chao Phraya.	Names associated with the great river Chao Phraya of Thailand and its principal tributaries.
Togo	WASP-64	Atakoraka	Atakoraka means the chain of the Atacora: the largest mountain range in Togo.	Agouto	Agouto (Mount Agou) is the highest mountain in Togo and a treasured region of the Atakoraka.	Names associated with the Atakoraka (Atakora) or Togo Mountains of Togo, which support spectacular sites for tourism and important resources.
Trinidad and Tobago	HD 96063	Dingolay	Dingolay means to dance, twist and turn in elaborate movements, symbolising the culture and language of the ancestors of the people of Trinidad and Tobago.	Ramajay	Ramajay means to sing and make music in a steelpan style, representing the love of culture and languages of the ancestors of the people of Trinidad and Tobago.	Lingo associated with music and carnival festivities of Trinidad and Tobago.

Tunisia	HD 192699	Chechia	Chechia is a flat-surfaced, traditional red wool hat worn by men and women, symbolising the country's rich traditions and is considered as the national headdress for in Tunisia.	Khomsa	Khomsa is a palm-shaped amulet that is popular in Tunisia, used in jewelry and decorations. It depicts an open right hand and is often found in modern designs.	Names associated with traditional dress and culture of Tunisia.
Turkey	WASP-52	Anadolu	Anadolu is the primary homeland of Turkey and refers to the motherland in Turkish culture.	Göktürk	Göktürk refers to the historical origin of the Turkish people, as it was the first established state in Turkey in 5th century AD. It is also the name of a Turkish satellite and is the combination of two words, of which 'Gök' means sky.	Names for the oldest settlements and ancient names for the lands on the Anatolian peninsula in Turkish language.
Ukraine	HAT-P-15	Berehynia	Berehynia was a Slavic deity of waters and riverbanks but in more recent times her status has been promoted to that of a national goddess — "hearth mother, protectress of the earth".	Tryzub	Tryzub is the most recognised ancient symbol of Ukraine, that was minted on the coins of Prince Volodymyr the Great and today remains one of the country's state symbols (a small coat).	Names of ancient national symbols of the Ukrainian people.
United Arab Emirates	HIP 79431	Sharjah	Sharjah is the cultural capital of United Arab Emirates, and considered the city of knowledge due to its many educational centers, institutes, museums, libraries and heritage centers.	Barajeel	A barajeel is a wind tower used to direct the flow of the wind so that air can be recirculated as a form of air conditioning.	Names associated with the landmarks and architecture of the historical city of Sharjah in United Arab Emirates.
United Kingdom	WASP-13	Gloas	In Manx Gaelic, Gloas means to shine (like a star).	Cruinlagh	In Manx Gaelic, Cruinlagh means to orbit (like a planet around its star).	Terms referring to the physical processes of a planet or star in Manx Gaelic, a language spoken on the Isle of Man.
United States of America	HD 17156	Nushagak	Nushagak is a regional river near Dillingham, Alaska, which is famous for its wild salmon that sustain local Indigenous communities.	Mulchatna	The Mulchatna River is a tributary of the Nushagak River in southwestern Alaska, USA.	Names of rivers associated with the Bristol Bay watershed of southwestern Alaska, USA, famous for wild salmon which sustain local Indigenous communities.
Uruguay	HD 63454	Ceibo	Ceibo is the name of the native tree of Uruguay that gives rise to the national flower.	Ibirapitá	Ibirapitá is the name of a native tree that is characteristic of the country of Uruguay, and is also known as Artigas' tree, after the national hero.	Culturally significant species of trees native to Uruguay.
Zambia	HD 85390	Natasha	Natasha means thank you in many languages of Zambia.	Madalitso	Madalitso means blessings in the native language of Nyanja in Zambia.	Terms associated with appreciation and blessings in the languages of Zambia.